

Chorale Bretonne

Languidic (Vendredi 26 mars / 20h)
Saint Gilles (Vendredi 25 juin / 19h30)

Cycle I - 8mn

Dañsit Yann : [ré mineur], 2mn30s

Intro. - $C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4, C_5, C_6$

Gwa deoc'h (Sur l'air de «Maudit sois-tu carillonneur») : [Fa majeur]¹

Revo ar peoc'h genoc'h

Cycle II - 9mn

Toutouig : [sol mineur], 2mn,

Intro. - $R - C_1 - R - C_2 - R - C_3 - R$

Er Boteuér : [la majeur], 2mn30

Intro. - $C_1 - C_2 - C_3 - \text{Instruments} - C_6$ ²

Mond davedoh, Aotrou Doué : [sol majeur], 4mn,

Intro. - C_1 (chorale) - R (enfants) - C_2 (chorale) - R (tous).

Cycle III - 9mn

Jezus, pegen bras é : [la mineur], 2mn30,

Intro. - $R - C_1 - C_2 - R$

Santez Mari : [sol mineur], 3mn30,

Intro. courte - C_1 (enfants) - C_2 (chorale) - Instruments - C_1 (tous).

Me zo ganet : [fa mineur], 3mn,

Intro - $C_1 - C_2 - \text{Instruments} - C_3$

Chorale de Plouay - 25mn

Programme commun - 6mn

O Roanéz karet en Arvor : [sol majeur], 3mn

Intro. par la classe de Hélène - C_1 (enfants) - R (enfants) - C_2 (chorale) - R (enfants) - C_3 (chorale) - R (tous).

Kenavo : [ré majeur], 3mn

Intro. - $C_1 - R$ (enfants) - C_2 (chorale) - R (enfants) - C_3 (chorale) - R (tous)

¹Préciser le nombre de couplets

²Chaque phrase répétée 2 fois

Cycle I

1. Dañsit Yann

(an dro)

d C d d C B^b C d

The musical score consists of two staves of music in 2/4 time, key signature of one flat. The first staff starts with a note followed by a dotted half note, then a quarter note, another dotted half note, and so on. The second staff starts with a note followed by a dotted half note, then a quarter note, another dotted half note, and so on. The lyrics are written below the notes, corresponding to the rhythm. The lyrics are: Dañ - sit Yann, get ho samm lann, Dañ - sit Pêr, ged ho samm ler. Dañ - sit Yann, get ho samm lann, Dañ - sit Paol, ged ho samm kaol. Dañ - sit Yann, get ho samm lann, Dañ - sit Lom, ged ho samm plom. Dañ - sit Yann, get ho samm lann, Dañ - sit Jo, ged ho samm to. Dañ - sit Yann, get ho samm lann, Dañ - sit Gwenn, ged ho samm brenn. Dañ - sit Yann, get ho samm lann, Dañ - sit Fin, ged ho samm lin.

5 d B^b g C F d d C d

la, la la la, la la la la la, la, la la la, la la la la.

Dañsit Yann

Intro + 6 couples

A. Rec. Bsn. Vln. Vc.

The musical score shows four staves: A. Rec. (treble clef), Bsn. (bass clef), Vln. (treble clef), and Vc. (bass clef). The music is in 2/4 time, key signature of one flat. The first section, labeled 'A', consists of eight measures of eighth-note patterns. The 'A' section is indicated by a box above each staff.

7 8

A. Rec.

B

Bsn.

Vln.

Vc.

//

14

A. Rec.

C

Bsn.

Vln.

Vc.

C

//

21

A. Rec.

Bsn.

Vln.

Vc.

21

2. Gwa deoc'h

(Maudit sois-tu carillonneur ...)

The musical score consists of two staves of music in common time, key signature of one flat. The first staff begins with a measure of F followed by measures of C, F, F, C, F, F. The second staff begins with a measure of C followed by measures of F, F, C, F, F, C, F. The lyrics are placed above the notes, corresponding to the rhythm and pitch.

F C F F C F F

6 C F F C F F C F

Gwa deoc'h

A. Rec. Vln. Vc.

This section contains three staves for Alto Recorder (A. Rec.), Violin (Vln.), and Cello/Bassoon (Vc.). The music is in common time (indicated by 'C') and key signature is one flat (indicated by a 'b'). The first staff (A. Rec.) has a treble clef. The second staff (Vln.) has a treble clef. The third staff (Vc.) has a bass clef. Measures 1-5 are shown, separated by a double bar line. The vocal line consists of eighth-note patterns. The violin and cello provide harmonic support with sustained notes and eighth-note chords.

A. Rec. Vln. Vc.

This section continues the musical score. Measure 6 begins with a melodic line for the Alto Recorder. Measures 7-10 show the instruments playing eighth-note patterns. The section concludes with three 'FIN' markings at the end of each instrument's part.

A. Rec. Vln. Vc.

This section shows the final two measures of the piece. Measure 11 features eighth-note patterns from all three instruments. Measure 12 concludes with a final cadence, indicated by a double bar line and a colon at the end of each staff.

Cycle I

3. Revo ar peoc'h genoc'h

(Bless the Lord)

Musical score for Alto Recorder, Violin, and Cello. The Alto Recorder part includes lyrics: "Re - vo ar peoc'h . . . Re - vo peoc'h an ao - trou Doué __". The Violin and Cello parts provide harmonic support.

Alto Recorder: G, d, G, d, B^b, C, F, A

Violin: C, G, d, B^b, C, F, A

Cello: C, G, d, B^b, C, F, A

Continuation of the musical score for Alto Recorder, Violin, and Cello. The Alto Recorder part continues with lyrics: "ar peoc'h hag e ga - rantez.". The Violin and Cello parts continue their harmonic support.

A. Rec.: G, d, G, d, B^b, C, d

Vln.: C, G, d, B^b, C, d

Vc.: C, G, d, B^b, C, d

Cycle II

4 - Toutouig

R - C1 - R - C2 - R - C3 - R

Guitare : capo III

Musical notation for the first part of the song 'Toutouig'. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is common time (indicated by '8'). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: 'Tou - tou - ig la la va ma - big, Tou - tou ig - la la.' The notes correspond to the lyrics: 'a e F C , F G e a'.

Musical notation for the second part of the song 'Toutouig'. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is common time (indicated by '8'). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: 'Da vamm a zo a man koantig, Ouzh da luskellat mignonig. Da vamm - a zo - a - man, - oa - nig. Di - te - o - ka - na he - so - nig. En deiz - all e oue - le kal - zig. Hag hi - ric e c'hoarzh da vamm mig. Tou - tou - ig la - la, va pa - ou - rig. Poent é - o ser - ra - da la - ga - dig.' The notes correspond to the lyrics: 'C G a e , C G a e'.

Musical notation for the Refrain of 'Toutouig'. The key signature is G major (one sharp). The time signature is common time (indicated by '8'). The melody consists of eighth and sixteenth notes. The lyrics are: 'Refrain Tou - tou - ig la la ma ma - big Tou - tou - ig la la.' The notes correspond to the lyrics: 'a e F C , F G e a'.

Toutouig la la ma mabig, Toutouig la la.

1

Da vamm a zo a man koantig,
Ouzh da luskellat mignonig.

3

En deiz all e ouele kalzig.
Hag hiric e c'hoarzh da vammig.

2

Da vamm a zo aman, oanig.
Dite okana he sonig.

4

Toutouig la la, va paourig.
Poent éo serra da lagadig.

Toutouig

A. Rec. 1

Vln.

Bsn.

Vc.

Gtr.

(Capo 3: a g d ..) E \flat B \flat g F d g B \flat F g F'

Hp.

A. Rec. 1

Vln.

Bsn.

Vc.

Gtr.

7 B \flat F g d , g d E \flat B \flat g F d g

Hp.

Toutouig

3

13

A. Rec. 1

Vln.

Bsn.

Vc.

Gtr.

Hp.

Fl et Bsn à la reprise

20

A. Rec. 1

Vln.

Bsn.

Vc.

Gtr.

Hp.

Cycle II

5. Er Boteuér

J. Le Penvenn

Intro - C1 - C2 - C3 - instruments - C6

The musical score consists of three staves of music in 2/4 time, G major (two sharps). The first staff starts with a vocal line, followed by six lines of lyrics. The second staff begins with a dynamic ff, followed by six lines of lyrics. The third staff starts with a dynamic b, followed by four lines of lyrics. The lyrics are in Breton and French, with some words written in both languages. The vocal parts are labeled with letters above the notes: A, D, A, E, A, E, A, A, E, A, D, A, E, A, D, A, E, A, D, A.

A
D
A
E A E A,
1.Che - leu - et kan - nein, mé ho ped, tran - la - di - ré - no, ur
2.Saù - et é d'ur bo - teur - ér koèd, _____ en
3.Ur l - jig hag e zo to - et, _____ get
4.Deit, Ma - ri - Jan, rak nan em es, _____ é
5.Deit, Ma - ri - Jan, sé - het em - es _____ dis -
6.Er bo - teu - ér zo un dèn peur _____ nen

5 f#
son - nenn a neù - ùé saù - et, tran la di ra - lan - la,
des ur loj é kreis er hoèd
bleù ga - nuid ha - get mo - get.
on get men dek - vet bo - téz.
koeit pet li - trad chistr e hues.
des ket poèn é i - vet deur.

9 b A E A
tran - la - di - ré - no.

Intro

The instrumental score features two parts: Violin (Vln.) and Cello (Vc.). The Violin part starts with a melodic line in 2/4 time, G major (two sharps). The Cello part provides harmonic support with sustained notes. Both parts include performance markings such as slurs and dynamics.

Vln.

Vc.

Er Boteuér

A. Rec. + percu

Vc.

A. Rec.

Vc.

6. Mond davedoh, Aotrou

Amazing Grace

Musical score for the first section of 'Mond davedoh, Aotrou'. The score consists of four staves (two treble, two bass) in common time, with a key signature of one flat. The melody is primarily in the upper voices. The lyrics 'Amazing Grace' are written above the music. Measure numbers F, B♭, F, and F.C.E. are placed above the staves to indicate specific measures.

Musical score for the second section of 'Mond davedoh, Aotrou'. The score continues with four staves in common time and one flat key signature. The melody remains in the upper voices. Measure numbers C, F, B♭, F, F, C, B♭, F, B♭, F are placed above the staves. The number '8' is also present at the beginning of the section.

Intro courte
C1 : chorale
Ref. Enfants
C2 : chorale
Ref : tous

7. Jézus, pegen bras é

Intro - R - C1 - C2 - R

XI° S.

a F G a F G

Jé - zus pe - gen__ bras é - Pli - ja - dur en__ i - né, ____ P'ar
Me gav bér en__ am - zér, ____ Hag er poé - nieu __ dis - té, ____ E
A pe sel - lan__ d'er lué, ____ Doh men guir bro, ____ en né, ____ D'é

5 a F G F a e a

riù glan di - rak Doué, Hag én__ e ga - ran - té. ____ P'ar -
chon - jal noz__ ha dé, E eu - rus - ted __ en né. ____ E
no é ka - re - hen Nei - jal__ èl ur__ glom gwenn. ____ D'é -

9 F F G a F e a

riù glan di - rak Doué, Hag én__ é ga - ran té. ____
chon - jal noz__ ha dé, E eu - rus - ted __ en né. ____
no é ka - re - hen Nei - jal__ èl ur__ glom guenn. ____

Jézus pegen bras é, Plijadur en iné,
P'ar riù glan dirak Doué, Hag én e garanté. (*bis*)

Me gav bér en amzér, Hag er poénieu distér,
E chonjal noz ha dé, E eurusted en né. (*bis*)

A pe sellan d'er lué, Doh men guir bro, en né,
D'é no é karehen Neijal èl ur glom gwenn. (*bis*)

Jézus, pegen bras é

The musical score consists of four staves of music, likely for a four-part choir. The staves are arranged vertically, with the top two staves in treble clef (G-clef) and the bottom two in bass clef (F-clef). Measure numbers 1 through 13 are indicated on the left side of each staff. The music features various note values (eighth and sixteenth notes), rests, and dynamic markings like 'p.' (piano). Measures 1-4 show a soprano line with sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. Measures 5-8 continue this pattern with some eighth-note pairs. Measures 9-12 show a more rhythmic pattern with eighth and sixteenth notes. Measures 13 conclude the piece with a final cadence.

Cycle III

8. Santez Mari

(Capo 3)

e *D* *e* *D* *b* *e*

5 *e* *D* *e* *C* *D* *b* *e*

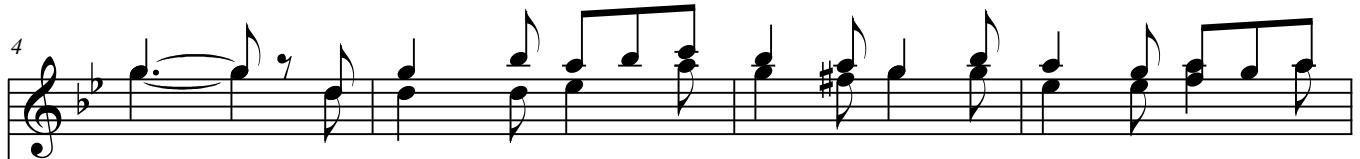
9 *G* *e* *b* *D* *C* *B*

13 *e* *D* *e* *C* *D* *b* *e*

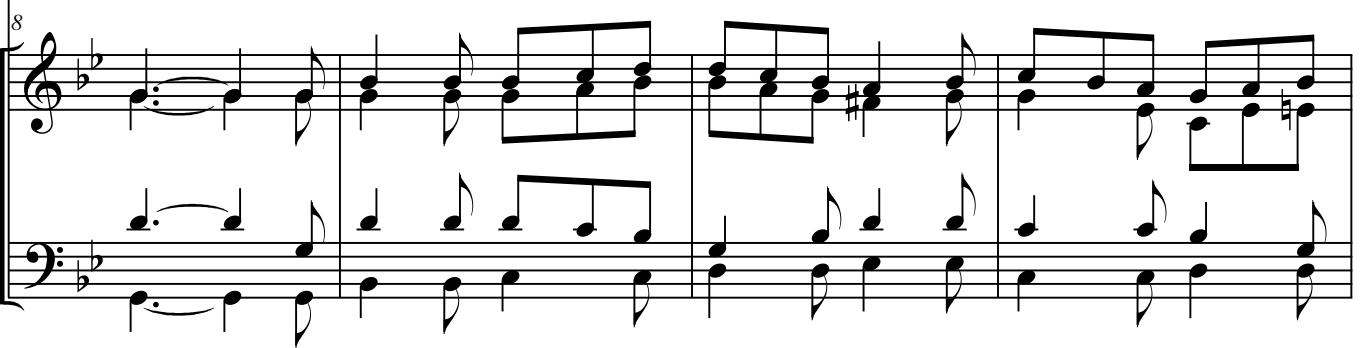
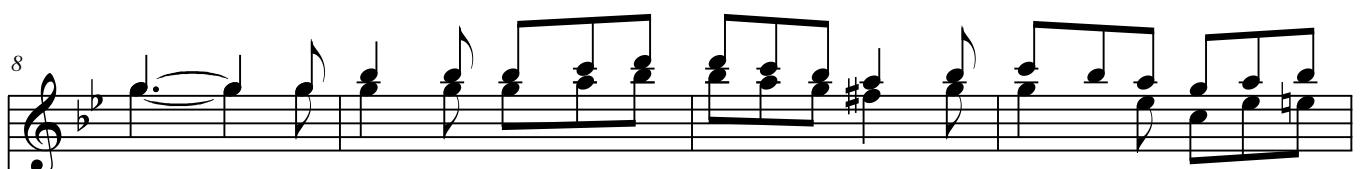
Intro courte - C1:enfants - C2:chorale - Instruments - C1:tous

Santez Mari

Chorale bretonne - Languidic/Saint Gilles 2010



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9. Me zo ganet

Intro - C1 - C2 - instruments - C3

(Capo 3) *d*

d

G

C

a

Me zo gan - net
é keiz er mor, _____ tèr leu ér -
Me zad e oé èl é da - deu _____ ur mar - te -
Me mam e - hué e la - bou - ra, _____ ha gwenn hé -
O dé - ieu mem bu - ga - le - reh, _____ pen dèn, di -

d

C

B ♯

d

C

d

3

méz; un ti - ig gwenn du - hont em ès, er be - nal
lod. Biu - et en des kuh ha di - glod, er peur ne
bleù Ge - ti en huéz ar hon ta - leu, dis - keit em
lui, get mam de ré - dek én è - rui pé get me

d

C

d

B ♯

F

G

A

d

6

gresk é - tal en mor, _____ hag l lan e hol en an - véz. Me zo gan -
gan dèn é glo - deu, _____ bam - dé, bam - noz ar er mor blod. Me zad e
es, bi - han nig tra, _____ mé-dein ha ten - nein a - ve - leu. Me mam e -
mad d'er bes - ke - reh. _____ Mèn é oh - hui, mèn é oh - hui. O dé - ieu

10

d

G

C

a

d

net
oé
ùé
mem

é keiz enr mor,
él e da - reu,
e la - bou - ra
bu - ga - le - reh,

é bro Ar - vor.
stlei - jour - roé - deu.
d'ou - nid ba - ra.
na dous e - oèh!

Me zo ganet

A musical score for three instruments: Violin (Vln.) and Cello (Vc.). The score consists of three staves of music, each with a key signature of four flats and a time signature of common time (indicated by '8'). The first staff (top) is for Violin, the second (middle) for Violin, and the third (bottom) for Cello. Measure 1 starts with a sustained note followed by eighth-note patterns. Measure 6 begins with a sustained note followed by sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 11 begins with a sustained note followed by eighth-note patterns.

10. O Roanéz karet en Arvor

Intro : classe C.M. Hélène
C1:enfants R:enfants
C2:chorale R:enfants
C3:chorale R:tous

1 G In - tron San - téz____ An - na_____ ni ho ped a ga - lon:
Ho ka - lon zo____ di - gor____ eid oll er Vre - to - ned,
 In - tron lan a____ zous - téz,____ é oll hon do - bé - rieù,

5 G e G C G
 ged joé ni um____ la - ka_____ é - dan ho kouar - na - sion.
en dud ag en____ Ar vor____ ho kar eù - é ber - ped.
 dis - koeit én hor____ he - vér,____ gel - loud ho pe - den - neù.

9 G C D G C D G e
 O Rouanéz ka - ret en Ar vor, O Mamm lan a dru - é, âr en douar âr er mor,____

15 G C G
 gouar net ou pu - ga - lé.

O Roanéz karet en Arvor

The musical score consists of three staves, each representing a different instrument: A. Rec. (Recorder), Vln. (Violin), and Vc. (Cello). The music is written in common time (indicated by '8') and uses a key signature of one sharp (F#). The score is divided into four systems, each containing four measures. Measure numbers 1 through 12 are present above the staves, with measure 13 appearing only above the Vln. staff in the third system.

A. Rec. (Recorder) parts:

- Measures 1-4: Playing eighth-note patterns.
- Measures 5-8: Playing eighth-note patterns.
- Measures 9-12: Playing eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 13: Playing eighth-note chords.

Vln. (Violin) parts:

- Measures 1-4: Resting.
- Measures 5-8: Playing eighth-note patterns.
- Measures 9-12: Playing eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 13: Playing eighth-note patterns.

Vc. (Cello) parts:

- Measures 1-4: Playing eighth-note patterns.
- Measures 5-8: Playing eighth-note patterns.
- Measures 9-12: Playing eighth-note patterns.
- Measure 13: Playing eighth-note chords.

11. Kenavo d'oh!

(noce bretonne)

Le Bayon/Le Dantec

The musical score consists of three staves of music in G major, 3/4 time. The first staff starts with a melody line and lyrics in French and Breton. The second staff continues the melody with lyrics. The third staff concludes the section with a melodic line and lyrics.

1 Kan - net hun es a ga - lon vat, En i - nour d'er Vro ha - de Zoué. Mal
Son - net hun es bre - dér ka - ret, Eit ha - dein joé, aé - hein en dar, Ha
E es ar en douar un Vro - kaer, Tud vat ha ka - lon - nek én hi, Hag

5 é klo - mein ken hun kui - tat get ur son-nenn hur ha - ran - té.
siekoen d'en da-son la - ret E es Bre - ton - ned ar en douar.
en des tao - let é splan - dér Ar hent en i - nour hem fa - ri.

9 Ké - na-vo d'oh! Guiir Vre to ned, bleù - ein e ra ____ er le - ùi-né é
14 peb ka - lon, ____ d'oh ho kué let. I - nour d'oh hui ____ ha tru-gé-re!

Intro

C1 - R : enfants

C2 : chorale R : enfants

C3 : chorale R : tous

Kenavo d'oh

The musical score shows two parts: Violin (Vln.) and Double Bass (Vlc.). Both parts play eighth-note patterns throughout the piece.

6

Vln.

Vlc.

6

REFRAIN

9

Vln.

Vlc.

9

//

14

Vln.

Vlc.

14

18

FIN

Vln.

Vlc.

18